



Relationships and Sex Education Policy

Date Reviewed	February 2022
Approved by Governors	
Next Review Date	February 2023

Relationships and Sex Education Policy (RSE) Aims

The aim of RSE is to help young people to develop the knowledge, skills, attitudes and values to become healthy, happy, safe, confident and responsible citizens – both now and in the future. To:

- Provide a framework in which sensitive discussions can take place
- Prepare students for puberty, and give them an understanding of sexual development and the importance of health and hygiene
- Help students develop feelings of self-respect, confidence and empathy
- Create a positive culture around issues of sexuality and relationships
- Teach students the correct vocabulary to describe themselves and their bodies
- Create a positive culture around issues of sexuality and relationships

Statutory Requirements

As a secondary academy we must provide RSE to all students as per section 34 of the Children and Social work act 2017.

In teaching RSE, we are required by our funding agreements to have regard to <u>guidance</u> issued by the secretary of state as outlined in section 403 of the <u>Education Act 1996.</u>

Policy Development

This policy has been developed in consultation with staff, students and parents. The consultation and policy development process involved the following steps:

- Review a member of staff pulled together all relevant information including relevant national and local guidance
- Staff consultation all school staff were given the opportunity to look at the policy and make recommendations
- Parent/stakeholder consultation parents are currently invited to look at the policy and provide feedback
- Student consultation we are currently investigating what exactly students want from their RSE
- Ratification once amendments were made, the policy was shared with governors and ratified

Definition

RSE is about the emotional, social and cultural development of students, and involves learning about relationships, sexual health, sexuality, healthy lifestyles, diversity and personal identity.

RSE involves a combination of sharing information, and exploring issues and values. RSE is not about the promotion of sexual activity.

Curriculum

Our curriculum is set out as per Appendix 1 but we may need to adapt it as and when necessary. We have developed the curriculum, taking into account the age, needs, maturity and feelings of students. If students ask questions outside the scope of this policy, teachers will respond in an appropriate manner so they are fully informed and don't seek answers online.

Delivery

RSE is taught within the personal, social, health and economic (PSHE) education curriculum. Biological aspects of RSE are taught within the science curriculum. students may also receive stand-alone sex education sessions delivered by a trained health professional.

It will build upon the teaching at primary level. It aims to give young people the information they need to help them develop healthy, nurturing relationships of all kinds including: Families, respectful relationships, including friendships, online and media, being safe and intimate and sexual relationships, including sexual health.

These areas of learning are taught within the context of family life, taking care to ensure that there is no stigmatisation of children based on their home circumstances (families can include single parent families, LGBT parents, families headed by grandparents, adoptive parents, foster parents/carers amongst other structures) along with reflecting sensitively that some children may have a different structure of support around them (for example: looked after children or young carers).

At the appropriate time, the focus will move to intimate relationships, to equip your child with knowledge they need to make safe, informed and healthy choices as they progress through adult life. It involves teaching children about reproduction, sexuality and sexual health. It does not promote early sexual activity or any particular sexual orientation.

Roles and responsibilities

The governing board will approve the RSE policy, and hold the headteacher to account for its implementation. The headteacher is responsible for ensuring that RSE is taught consistently across the school, and for managing requests to withdraw students from non-statutory/non-science components of RSE.

Staff are responsible for:

- Delivering RSE in a sensitive way
- Modelling positive attitudes to RSE
- Monitoring progress
- Responding to the needs of individual students
- Responding appropriately to students whose parents wish them to be withdrawn from the non-statutory/non-science components of RSE

students are expected to engage fully in RSE and when discussing issues related to RSE, treat others with respect and sensitivity.

Parents' right to withdraw

Parents have the right to withdraw their children from the non-statutory/non-science components of sex education within RSE up to and until 3 terms before the child turns 16. After this point, if the child wishes to receive sex education rather than being withdrawn, the school will arrange this.

Requests for withdrawal should be put in writing using the form found in Appendix 2 of this policy and addressed to the headteacher.

A copy of withdrawal requests will be placed in the student's educational record. A member of SLT will discuss the request with parents and take appropriate action.

Alternative work will be given to students who are withdrawn from sex education.

Monitoring arrangements

The delivery of RSE is monitored by the PHSE coordinator; Wendy McDonnell through: Learning walks, peer moderation, assessment, curriculum hubs.

students' development in RSE is monitored by class teachers as part of our internal assessment systems.

This policy will be reviewed by Wendy McDonnell PHSE coordinator annually.

At every review, the policy will be approved by the governing body and the headteacher.



Appendix 1

Appendix	Autumn	Spring	Summer		
	Relationships	Health Well-being	Wider World		
7 & 8	7 & 8				
Year 1	Developing healthy relationships	Puberty	Personal hygiene		
Coverage	What makes a good friendship? Rights and responsibilities of being a friend, a classmate, being part of your home and school community Team work, trust, honesty What we admire about our class friends Conflict resolution Compromising Risky relationships - what are they, how to avoid What is respect - The importance of respecting others even when they are very different e.g. physically or in temperament, make different choices or have different cultures, beliefs Importance of self-respect and how this links to our own happiness Conventions of manners and courtesy	females - positive and negative emotions Basic function of reproductive system Menstruation - and how to keep clean Wet dreams Masturbation - only in private What choices/decisions they have as	Germs\bacteria/viruses - how they are spread, prevention, importance of hand washing, what spreading can cause - coughs colds etc antibiotics Good/bad, consequences of having or not a good routine Body odour, tooth decay, bad breath Whose responsibility is it to keep clean? Who can help? Identifying appropriate products and their uses What is included in a daily and a weekly routine - teeth brushing, hair washing, when clothes need changing etc Practical lessons		
Mental Health & Wellbeing coverage	For Mental Health and Wellbeing coverage, you may choose to place this into your teaching as you see fit. This could be a few weeks (maybe a half term) of work, using your PSHE teaching slot, equally, it may fit better during tutor times or even during a focus week such as a Mental Health awareness week. There is a (statutory) expectation of curriculum coverage, but you can cover it within your teams, in the way you feel is best. Theme: Understanding and recognising emotions				

Year 2	Bullying	Public and Private, Privacy	Emotions	
Coverage	Introduce the word 'bullying' – define bullying as repeated behaviour/incidents not one off situations, deliberate and intentional, unfair as there is an unequal power balance. The person doing the bullying is/are stronger, or there are more of them or they have 'influence', higher status or power Different forms that bullying takes - verbal, physical, cyber, intimidation etc. Impact - mental health, isolation Responsibility of bystanders, reporting, getting help Role play scenarios of bullying and explain how they could make you feel - including perspective of the bully How to challenge bullying	Secrets - including that it is not always right to keep secrets if they relate to being safe Physical contact - that each person's body belongs to them and the differences between appropriate and inappropriate or unsafe physical contact - ways to say no, politely, assertively if necessary Who to tell if someone touches them inappropriately Circles of intimacy - who can touch you where Being naked - where and when, who can see you naked, getting changed in a public place etc At home knocking on a door and waiting before entering	experience in relation to different experiences and situations. How to recognise and talk about their emotions, including having a varied vocabulary of words to use when talking about their own and others' feelings Mindfulness	
Mental Health & Wellbeing coverage	a few weeks (maybe a half term) of wo		lly, it may fit better during tutor times or	
9 & 10	9 & 10			

Year 1	Relationships	Alcohol/tobacco/Drugs/Volatile substances Risky behaviour	Media Stereotypes
Coverage	Marriage, different types of relationships - single parent families, LGBT parents, families headed by grandparents, adoptive parents, foster parents/carers, parental responsibility Maintaining relationships	Types of drugs - legal and illegal - Appropriate use of drugs/medication - what are they used for? What do they do e.g paracetamol alleviates pain, temperature Effects of taking drugs/alcohol Tobacco - why do people smoke? Consequences Alcohol - why drink? Effects, consequences, risks Legal - storage illegal - consequences, possession The law Addiction Recognising risky situations -Why do young people take risks? When is risk a good thing/bad thing? What should people think about before doing something they know is risky? If people take risks how can they minimise the possibility of harm? What is an unnecessary risk? - A risk that can be avoided Role play ways to say no	Similarities and differences Impact of unhealthy or obsessive comparison with others - including online - how not all images are real, unrealistic expectations of body image How people may curate a specific image of their life online Online sites - gambling sites, debt, how advertising and how information is targeted at them What a stereotype is and how they can be unfair/ negative/destructive sex, gender, race, religion, sexual orientation and disability Challenging stereotypes
Mental Health & Wellbeing coverage			

Year 2	Healthy Eating	Reproduction	Safety in the wider world
Coverage	Food groups - what they are What foods are in each food group Balanced diet - What ratios do we need to be healthy How foods can be eaten in a healthy or less healthy way e.g. chips - oven/fried eggs - poached/fried bacon - grilled/fried Consequences/effects of eating or not eating healthily - weight, skin, illness, feeling good, lethargy, teeth, fitness Food tasting - trying different foods Nutritional values - Calories - what calories are in different foods, low fat, low sugar (& how low fat foods may have more sugar etc) How many calories do we need Planning meals, daily/weekly	Contraception, pregnancy (including options - abortion, adoption), puberty STIs - cure/prevention Sexual orientation, gender identity Intimacy - different stages Consent - how people can communicate and recognise consent from others, including sexual consent, and how and when consent can be withdrawn. Strategies for identifying and managing sexual pressure, including understanding peer pressure, resisting pressure and not pressuring others. Recognising and how to report abuse, including emotional, physical and sexual abuse	Home safety - cooking, electrical danger, fires, knives etc In the community - Recognising potential dangers Stranger danger - safe adults, how to get help Road safety Fire safety Railway safety Keeping personal belongings safe Risk assessments - what is risk, how to reduce or eliminate Assessing the scene - making choices, peer pressure (saying no) Practicing staying safe
Mental Health & Wellbeing coverage	For Mental Health and Wellbeing coverage, you may choose to place this into your teaching as you see fit. This could be a few weeks (maybe a half term) of work, using your PSHE teaching slot, equally, it may fit better during tutor times or even during a focus week such as a Mental Health awareness week. There is a (statutory) expectation of curriculum coverage, but you can cover it within your teams, in the way you feel is best. Themes: *Talking about emotions - vocabulary *Benefits of physical activity to combat stress		

11 & 12			
Year 1	Managing loss	First Aid	Gender
Coverage	Different types - What are the reasons for loss? death, divorce/separation, friendships, transition etc Discussing feelings of fault - usually unless the end of a friendship, it is not the persons fault etc What feelings are involved? anger, guilt, worry, frustration, sadness, confusion, including relief etc - explaining that it is ok to have these feelings Develop strategies for coping with loss and change	approaching a casualty The purpose of defibrillators and when one might be needed	
Mental Health & Wellbeing coverage			
Year 2	Bullying	Mental Health	Alcohol/tobacco/Drugs - risky behaviour
Coverage	Recapping/furthering bullying	Hobbies, health well being, volunteering, common types of mental health - anxiety and depression Effect of Hobbies, voluntary work etc of self esteem, feelings of well being	Recapping Including whilst under the influence Legal - storage illegal - consequences, possession The law

		How to critically evaluate when something they do or are involved in has a positive or negative effect on their own or others' mental health. Benefits of being outdoors What leisure activities are available in the local area - make a leaflet/poster to advertise - where is it, cost, equipment/kit required. Constraints of joining a new club e.g. transport, age restrictions, cost Trying out range of activities	
Mental Health & Wellbeing coverage	a few weeks (maybe a half term) of wo		ally, it may fit better during tutor times or
13 & 14			
Year 1	Forming and maintaining safe relationships	First Aid	Budgeting, financial capabilities
Coverage	Grooming, domestic abuse How and where to get help Agreeing and disagreeing - managing differences of opinion without falling out or hurting a person's feelings	Recapping or completing the next level	Value/function of money What are needs and what are wants? Obtaining money Banks, building societies Debit/credit cards - advantages and disadvantages Loans - interest charges, pros and cons of lending money

	Standing up for what they believe in -being assertive - (body language, eye contact, tone of voice, words we use) Peer pressure - how to stand up for their view in an appropriate way Respecting others viewpoints		Basic budgeting - creating basic budget plan Saving - different types of saving accounts/interest, saving for a particular item or the benefits of having savings in case of emergency Estimating then researching the price of items - food shopping, clothes, larger items such as washing machine etc Value for money versus luxury/named items - cost comparisons, taste testing Identifying different shops and their items, shopping online Comparisons between local shops, supermarkets, online - cost, location, family business, parking, choice, personal service, returning items,
Mental Health & Wellbeing coverage	a few weeks (maybe a half term) of wo		lly, it may fit better during tutor times or
Year 2	Community participation	Personal health	Safety in the home and wider community

Coverage

What communities do they belong to - school, outside clubs, church

Responsibility of being part of a community

How can they help/support their local community - volunteering

Litter picking, raising money etc

How does it make you feel being part of a community?

Benefits of volunteering - to you and the community

How does it make you feel when you volunteer/make a difference?

What situations would you need to call the emergency services - what service would you require?

How to make a clear and efficient call to emergency services

When not to call the emergency services - consequences of false calling or wasting emergency services time

Sun screen

Testicular/breast examination, cervical screening

Family planning services

STIs

Making Dr's/Dental appts

Recognising signs of illness - signs and symptoms, weight loss etc What may cause it, how to get help

Recognising what services are

Recognising what services are available in the local area - family planning etc

At home and in the wider community

Including Travel training Safe in Town

Mental Health & Wellbeing coverage

For Mental Health and Wellbeing coverage, you may choose to place this into your teaching as you see fit. This could be a few weeks (maybe a half term) of work, using your PSHE teaching slot, equally, it may fit better during tutor times or even during a focus week such as a Mental Health awareness week. There is a (statutory) expectation of curriculum coverage, but you can cover it within your teams, in the way you feel is best.

Themes:

Self injury, eating disorders & suicide prevention. Who can I talk to? How can I recognise someone and what can I do to support them?

<u>Please note this is a particularly difficult area to teach, not only does it require huge sensitivity, but also should not deliver too much information; in particular with reference to terms of methods of harm.</u>

Parent form: withdrawal from sex education within RSE

To be completed by	parents		
Name of student		Teacher	
Name of parent		Date	
Reason for withdra	awing from sex education	within rela	ationships and sex
		10	
Any other informati	on that you would like the so	chool to co	onsider
Parent signature			
To be completed by the school			
Eg: Joe Bloggs will be	discussion with parents taking part in all relationships les king independently on a project in		

